EMPLOYMENT.

ACCIDENT REPORTS.

- § 1. Accidents to be reported to Bureau of Labor Statistics—what report to give.
- § 2. Publication of reports.
- § 3. Penalty.

(SENATE BILL No. 536. APPROVED MAY 24, 1907.)

An Act providing for the reporting, compiling and publishing of information concerning accidents to and deaths by accidents of employés.

Section I. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That it shall be the duty of every person, firm or corporation employing laborers, artisans, mechanics, miners, clerks or any other servants or employés of any character, to make a report to the State Bureau of Labor Statistics of every serious injury entailing a loss of thirty or more days' time, injury or death of every employé caused by accident while in the performance of any duty or service for such employer within thirty (30) days from the date of such injury or death. Such report shall give the name of the employer, character of business of such employer, where located, date of injury or death, name of person killed or injured, character of employment of service, and cause of such injury or death, and when injury alone, then the character and extent of such injury, residence, nativity and age of the person injured or killed, whether married or single, and, if known, how many persons are dependent upon such employé.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the State Bureau of Labor Statistics to cause such reports to be made and to enforce the provisions of this Act and shall cause all of such accidents or deaths by accidents to be classified into trades or kinds of employment, and shall cause the same to be

published at least once each year on or before January 1st.

§ 3. Any person, firm or corporation failing or refusing to make the reports as provided in section 1 of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be fined in a sum not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00).

Approved May 24, 1907.

CHILD LABOR.

EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN UNDER 13 YEARS PROHIBITED.

- § 1. Prohibits any person, firm or corporation from employing any child under 13 years of age, except as provided in this act.
- Certificate of the School Board authorizing employment.
- § 3. No certificate shall be issued unless the child has attended school at least 8 weeks in the current school year.
- § 4. No child shall be employed for more than one day wi hout such certificate.
- § 5. Penalties for violation of this act.

An Act to prevent child labor.

- Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to employ or hire any child under thirteen years of age except as hereinafter provided.
- § 2. In case it shall be made to appear to the board of education or of school directors that the labor or services of any child constitutes and is the means of support of an aged or infirm relative, and that such relative is in whole, or in part, dependent upon such child, then the board of education or school directors shall issue to such child a certificate authorizing the employment of such child; such certificate shall state the name, residence and age of such child, and a record thereof shall be kept by the board of education or school directors in a book kept for that purpose.
- § 3. No such certificate shall be granted to any child unless it shall be shown to the board of education or school directors, in which such child resides, that such child has attended some public or private day school for at least eight (8) weeks in the current school year.
- § 4. No person, firm or corporation shall employ any child under the age of thirteen years, in any store, shop, factory or manufacturing establishment, by the day, or any period of time

STATE FOOD COMMISSIONER.

DAIRY AND FOOD PRODUCTS-STANDARD OF PURITY AND STRENGTH.

§ 1. Amends section 39, Act of 1907.

§ 39. As amended, eliminates condensed milk and evaporated milk.

(SENATE BILL No. 442. APPROVED JUNE 14, 1909.)

An Act amending section 39 of an Act entitled, "An Act to prevent fraud in the sale of dairy products, their imitation or substitutes, to prohibit and prevent the manufacture and sale of unhealthful, adulterated or misbranded food, liquors or dairy products, to provide for the appointment of a State Food Commissioner and his assistants, to define their powers and duties, and to repeal all Acts relating to the production, manufacture and sale of dairy and food products and liquors in conflict herewith," approved May 14, 1907, in force July 1, 1907.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented in the General Assembly: Section 39 of an Act entitled, "An Act to prevent fraud in the sale of dairy products, their imitation or substitutes, to prohibit and prevent the manufacture and sale of unhealthful, adulterated or misbranded food, liquors or dairy products, to provide for the appointment of a State Food Commissioner and his assistants, to define their powers and duties and to repeal all Acts relating to the production, manufacture and sale of dairy and food products and liquors in conflict herewith," approved May 14, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 39. STANDARD OF PURITY AND STRENGTH.] In the enforcement of this Act, and in the construction thereof, the following named articles of food stuffs, when offered for sale or exposed for sale, or sold, shall conform to the analytical requirements set opposite each respectively.

Milk shall contain not less than three (3) per cent of milk fat and

not less than eight and one-half (8.5) per cent of solids, not fat.

Cream shall not contain less than eighteen (18) per cent of milk fat.

Maple Sugar shall contain not less than sixty-five one-hundredths
(0.65) per cent of maple ash in the water-free substance.

Honey is lawo-rotatory, contains not more than twenty-five (25) per cent of water, not more than twenty-five hundredths (0.25) per cent

of ash and not more than eight (8) per cent of sucrose.

Cloves shall contain not more than five (5) per cent of clove stems, not less than ten (10) per cent of volatile ether extract, not less than twelve (12) per cent of quercitannic acid, not more than eight (8) per cent of total ash, not more than five-tenths (0.5) per cent of ash insoluble in hydrochloric acid, and not more than ten (10) per cent of crude fibre.

Black Pepper shall contain not less than six (6) per cent of non-volatile ether extract, not less than twenty-five (25) per cent of pepper

starch, not more than seven (7) per cent of total ash, not more than two (2) per cent of ash insoluble in hydrochloric acid, and not more than fifteen (15) per cent of crude fibre.

Lemon Extract shall contain not less than five (5) per cent of oil

of lemon by volume.

Orange Extract shall contain not less than five (5) per cent of oil of

orange by volume.

Vanilla Extract shall contain in one hundred (100) cubic centimeters the soluble matters from not less than ten (10) grams of vanilla bean.

Olive Oil has a refractive index (25°C) not less than one hundred and forty-six hundred and sixty ten thousandths (1.4660) and not exceeding one and forty-six hundred and eighty ten thousandths (1.4680), and an iodin number not less than seventy-nine (79) and not exceeding ninety (90).

All Vinegars shall contain four (4) grams of acetic acid in one hun-

dred (100) cubic centimeters (20°C).

Cider Vinegar shall contain not less than one and six-tenths (1.6) grams of apple solids and not less than twenty-five hundredths (0.25) grams of apple ash in one hundred (100) cubic centimeters (20°C).

Wine Vinegar shall contain not less than one (1) gram of grape solids and not less than thirteen-hundredths (0.13) gram of grape ash in

one hundred cubic centimeters (20°C).

Malt Vinegar shall contain in one hundred (100) cubic centimeters (20°C) not less than two (2) grams of solids and not less than two-

tenths (0.2) grams of ash.

In the enforcement of this Act and the construction thereof all articles of food not defined in this Act when offered for sale or exposed for sale, or sold, shall conform to the definition and analytical requirements of the standards adopted and promulgated from time to time by the State Food Standard Commission: *Provided*, such standards for any article of food or drink, or for any substance used or intended to be used in food or drink, shall be deemed *prima facie* evidence of the proper standard of quality, purity and strength of any such article or substance, but shall only be deemed such *prima facie* evidence in the trial of cases brought in the proper courts to enforce the provisions of this Act.

Provided, that nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the sale of any wholesome food product which varies from such standards, if such article of food be labeled so as to clearly indicate such

variation.

Approved June 14, 1909.